Long Hill Township Board of Education Gillette, New Jersey 07933 Policy

# HARASSMENT, BULLYING, INTIMIDATION AND THREATENING BEHAVIOR PREVENTION

The Long Hill Township Board of Education (BOE) prohibits acts of harassment, intimidation or bullying of a student. The BOE has determined that a safe and civil environment in school is necessary for students to learn and achieve high academic standards. Harassment, intimidation or bullying, like other disruptive or violent behaviors, is conduct that disrupts both a student's ability to learn and a school's ability to educate its students in a safe and disciplined environment. Since students learn by example, school administrators, faculty, staff, and volunteers are required to demonstrate appropriate behavior, treating others with civility and respect, and refusing to tolerate harassment, intimidation or bullying

The standards of character education are an essential component of the Long Hill Township School District's Code of Conduct. The board believes that with the appropriate infusion of character education into the school curriculum, modeling of appropriate behavior by adults; support and assistance of students in school, the community and home; our students will achieve the above standards of character education.

The board prohibits acts of harassment, intimidation or bullying against any student. School responses to harassment, intimidation and bullying shall be aligned with the board approved code of student conduct which establishes standards, policies and procedures for positive student development and student behavioral expectations on school grounds, including on a school bus or at school sponsored functions. The Chief School Administrator (CSA) shall be responsible for ensuring the prompt investigation and response to all reports of harassment, intimidation and bullying committed on school grounds, at school activities and on school buses. In addition, the CSA shall ensure that this policy is applied to incidents of harassment, intimidation and bullying that are committed off school grounds in cases where a school employee is made aware of such actions. The CSA has the right and authority to impose a consequence on a student for conduct away from school grounds that is consistent with the board's approved code of student conduct, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:16-7.1 and N.J.A.C. 6A:16-7.6.

"Harassment, intimidation or bullying" is defined as any gesture, any written, verbal or physical act, or any electronic communication, whether it be a single incident or a series of incidents, that is reasonably perceived as being motivated either by any actual or perceived characteristic, such as race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, or a mental, physical or sensory disability, or by any other distinguishing characteristic, that takes place on school property, at any school-sponsored function or on a school bus, or off school grounds, as provided for in section 16 of P.L. 2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-15.3), that substantially disrupts or interferes with the orderly operation of the school or the rights of other students, and that:

- A. A reasonable person should know, under the circumstances, will have the effect of physically or emotionally harming a student or damaging the student's property, or placing a student in reasonable fear of physical or emotional harm to his/her person or damage to his/her property; or
- B. Has the effect of insulting or demeaning any student or group of students; or
- C. Creates a hostile educational environment for the student by interfering with the student's education or by severely or pervasively causing physical or emotional harm to the student.

"Electronic communication" means a communication that is transmitted by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to a telephone, cellular phone, computer, or pager.

The BOE expects all students to treat each other with civility and respect and not to engage in behavior that is disruptive or violent. The board expects students to conduct themselves in keeping with their levels of development, of maturity, and demonstrated capabilities, with a proper regard for the rights and welfare of other students, for school personnel, for the educational purpose underlying all school activities, and for the care of school facilities and equipment, consistent with the code of student conduct.

The BOE believes that standards for student behavior must be set cooperatively through interaction among the parents and other community representatives, school administrators, school employees, school volunteers and students of the school district, producing an atmosphere that encourages students to grow in self-discipline. The development of this atmosphere requires respect for self and others, as well as for district and community property on the part of students, staff and community members.

Students are expected to behave in a way that creates a supportive learning environment. The BOE believes that the best discipline is self-imposed, and that it is the responsibility of staff to use instances of violations of the code of student conduct as opportunities for helping students learn to assume and accept responsibility for their behavior and the consequences of their behavior. Staff members who interact with students shall apply best practices designed to prevent student conduct problems and foster students' abilities to grow in self-discipline.

The BOE expects that students will act in accordance with the student behavioral expectations described below:

- 1. Student Responsibilities
  - a. Students are to prepare themselves mentally and physically for the process of learning.

- b. Students are to take responsibility for their own behavior and learning both in school and at all school-related activities, including class trips, school bus transportation, and school-related events at other locations.
- c. Students are to demonstrate respect for self and for others.
- d. Students are to respect the natural and physical environments.
- 2. Procedures shall be established by the school principals to recognize students for good conduct, self-discipline and good citizenship.
- 3. Students who violate the established terms of the Code of Student Conduct will be subject to disciplinary action and/or sanctions as set forth in this policy and other district policies which address student behavior and conduct.

The BOE requires its school administrators to implement procedures that ensure both the appropriate consequences and remedial responses for students who commit one or more acts of harassment, intimidation or bullying, consistent with the code of student conduct, and the consequences and remedial responses for staff members who commit one or more acts of harassment, intimidation or bullying. The following factors, at a minimum, shall be given full consideration by school administrators in the implementation of appropriate consequences and remedial measures for each act of harassment, intimidation or bullying by students. Appropriate consequences and remedial actions are those that are graded according to the severity of the offenses, consider the developmental ages of the student offenders and students' histories of inappropriate behaviors, per the code of student conduct and N.J.A.C. 6A:16-7.

#### Consequences and Remedial Measures for Acts of Harassment, Intimidation or Bullying

#### Students

Consequences and remedial measures for a student who commits an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be varied and graded according to the nature of the behavior, the developmental age of the student and the student's history of problem behaviors and performance. Consequences shall be consistent with the board approved code of student conduct and N.J.A.C. 6A:16-7. Consequences and remedial measures shall be designed to:

- A. Correct the problem behavior;
- B. Prevent another occurrence of the problem;
- C. Protect and provide support for the victim of the act; and
- D. Take corrective action for documented systemic problems related to harassment, intimidation or bullying.

Consequences and appropriate remedial actions for a student who commits an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying may range from positive behavioral interventions up to and including short and long-term suspension or expulsion, as permitted by law. The consequences and remedial measures may include, but are not limited to:

### A. Consequences

- 1. Admonishment;
- 2. Temporary removal from the classroom;
- 3. Deprivation of privileges;
- 4. Classroom or administrative detention;
- 5. Referral to disciplinarian;
- 6. In-school suspension during the school week or the weekend;
- 7. After-school programs;
- 8. Out-of-school suspension (short-term or long-term);
- 9. Reports to law enforcement or other legal action;
- 10. Expulsion; and

#### B. Remedial Measures

#### 1. Personal

- a. Restitution and restoration;
- b. Mediation;
- c. Peer support group;
- d. Corrective instruction or other relevant learning or service experience;
- e. Supportive student interventions, including participation of the Intervention and Referral Services Team;
- f. Behavioral assessment or evaluation, including, but not limited to, a referral to the Child Study Team, as appropriate;
- g. Behavioral management plan, with benchmarks that are closely monitored;
- h. Assignment of leadership responsibilities (e.g., hallway monitor);
- i. Involvement of school disciplinarian;
- j. Student counseling;
- k. Parent conferences;
- 1. Student treatment; or
- m. Student therapy.

#### 2. Environmental (Classroom, School Building or School District)

- a. School and community surveys or other strategies for determining the conditions contributing to harassment, intimidation or bullying;
- b. School culture change;
- c. School climate improvement;
- d. Adoption of research-based, systemic bullying prevention programs;
- e. School policy and procedures revisions;
- f. Modifications of schedules;

- g. Adjustments in hallway traffic;
- h. Modifications in student routes or patterns traveling to and from school;
- i. Supervision of students before and after school, including school transportation;
- j. Targeted use of monitors (e.g., hallway, cafeteria, locker room, playground, school perimeter, bus);
- k. Teacher aides:
- 1. Small or large group presentations for fully addressing the behaviors and the responses to the behaviors;
- m. General professional development programs for certificated and non-certificated staff;
- n. Professional development plans for involved staff;
- o. Disciplinary action for school staff who contributed to the problem;
- p. Supportive institutional interventions, including participation of the intervention and referral services team;
- q. Parent conferences;
- r. Family counseling;
- s. Involvement of parent-teacher organizations;
- t. Involvement of community-based organizations;
- u. Development of a general bullying response plan;
- v. Peer support groups
- w. Alternative placements
- x. School transfers; and
- y. Law enforcement involvement or other legal action.

Classified students are subject to the same disciplinary procedures as nondisabled students and may be disciplined in accordance with their IEP. However, before disciplining a classified student, it must be determined that:

- A. The student's behavior is not primarily caused by his/her educational disability;
- B. The program that is being provided meets the student's needs.

### Staff

Consequences and appropriate remedial actions for any staff member who commits an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying may range from positive behavioral interventions up to disciplinary charges which could result in suspension or termination. The consequences and remedial measures may include, but are not limited to:

#### A. Consequences

- 1. Admonishment;
- 2. Temporary removal from the classroom;
- 3. Deprivation of privileges;
- 4. Referral to disciplinarian;

- 5. Withholding of Increment
- 6. Suspension;
- 7. Legal action;
- 8. Termination; and
- 9. Bans from providing services, participating in school-district-sponsored programs or being in school buildings or on school grounds.

#### B. Remedial Measures

#### 1. Personal

- a. Restitution and restoration;
- b. Mediation;
- c. Support group;
- d. Recommendations of behavior or ethics council;
- e. Corrective action plan;
- f. Behavioral assessment or evaluation;
- g. Behavioral management plan, with benchmarks that are closely monitored;
- h. Involvement of school disciplinarian;
- i. Counseling;
- j. Conferences;
- k. Treatment; or
- 1. Therapy.

#### 2. Environmental (Classroom, School Building or School District)

- a. School and community surveys or other strategies for determining the conditions contributing to harassment, intimidation or bullying;
- b. School culture change;
- c. School climate improvement;
- d. Adoption of research-based, systemic bullying prevention programs;
- e. School policy and procedures revisions;
- f. Modifications of schedules;
- g. Supervision;
- h. Small or large group presentations for fully addressing the behaviors and the responses to the behaviors;
- i. General professional development programs for certificated and non-certificated staff;
- j. Professional development plans for involved staff;
- k. Disciplinary action;
- 1. Supportive institutional interventions, including participation of the Intervention and Referral Services Team;
- m. Conferences;
- n. Counseling;

### Reporting Harassment, Intimidation and Bullying Behavior

### **District Anti-Bullying Coordinator**

The CSA shall appoint a district anti-bullying coordinator. The CSA shall make every effort to appoint an employee of the school district to this position. The district anti-bullying coordinator shall:

- A. Be responsible for coordinating and strengthening the school district's policies to prevent, identify, and address harassment, intimidation, and bullying of students;
- B. Collaborate with school anti-bullying specialists in the district, the BOE, and the CSA to prevent, identify, and respond to harassment, intimidation, and bullying of students in the district;
- C. Provide data, in collaboration with the CSA, to the Department of Education regarding harassment, intimidation, and bullying of students; and
- D. Execute such other duties related to school harassment, intimidation, and bullying as requested by the CSA.

The district anti-bullying coordinator shall meet at least twice a school year with the school antibullying specialists in the district to discuss and strengthen procedures and policies to prevent, identify, and address harassment, intimidation, and bullying in the district.

## **School Anti-Bullying Specialist**

The principal in each school shall appoint a school anti-bullying specialist. When a school guidance counselor, school psychologist, or another individual similarly trained is currently employed in the school, the principal shall appoint that individual to be the school anti-bullying specialist. If no individual meeting these criteria is currently employed in the school, the principal shall appoint a school anti-bullying specialist from currently employed school personnel. The school anti-bullying specialist shall:

- A. Chair the school safety team;
- B. Lead the investigation of incidents of harassment, intimidation, and bullying in the school;
- C. Act as the primary school official responsible for preventing, identifying, and addressing incidents of harassment, intimidation, and bullying in the school.

#### School Safety Team

The district shall form a school safety team in each school to develop, foster, and maintain a positive school climate by focusing on the on-going, systemic process and practices in the school and to address school climate issues such as harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The school safety team shall meet at least two times per school year.

The school safety team shall be appointed by the principal and consist of the principal or his or her designee who, if possible, shall be a senior administrator; a teacher in the school; the school anti-bullying specialist; a parent of a student in the school; and other members to be determined by the principal. The school anti-bullying specialist shall serve as the chair of the school safety team.

The school safety team shall:

- A. Receive any complaints of harassment, intimidation, or bullying of students that have been reported to the principal;
- B. Receive copies of any report prepared after an investigation of an incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying;
- C. Identify and address patterns of harassment, intimidation, or bullying of students in the school;
- D. Review and strengthen school climate and the policies of the school in order to prevent and address harassment, intimidation, or bullying of students;
- E. Educate the community, including students, teachers, administrative staff, and parents, to prevent and address harassment, intimidation, or bullying of students;
- F. Participate in the training required pursuant to the provisions of (N.J.S.A.18A:37-13 et seq.) and other training which the principal or the district anti-bullying coordinator may request;
- G. Collaborate with the district anti-bullying coordinator in the collection of district-wide data and in the development of district policies to prevent and address harassment, intimidation, or bullying of students; and
- H. Execute such other duties related to harassment, intimidation, and bullying as requested by the principal or district anti-bullying coordinator.

No parent/guardian who is a member of the school safety team shall:

- A. Receive complaints of harassment, intimidation or bullying of students that have been reported to the principal;
- B. Receive copies of reports prepared after an investigation of a harassment, intimidation or bullying incident;
- C. Identify and address patterns of harassment, intimidation or bullying of students; or
- D. Participate in any other activities of the team which may compromise the confidentiality of a student.

The CSA, principal and/or their designee shall be responsible for receiving complaints alleging violations of this policy.

The board shall allow reports to be anonymous, but no formal disciplinary action shall be based solely on an anonymous report. Any school employee, board member, contracted service provider, student, visitor or volunteer who has witnessed, or has reliable information that a student has been subject to harassment, intimidation or bullying, must report the incident to the building principal or his/her designee.

The following procedures shall apply to the reporting of incidents of harassment, intimidation and bullying:

- A. All acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be reported verbally to the school principal on the same day when the school employee or contracted service provider witnessed or received reliable information regarding any such incident;
- B. The principal shall inform the parents or guardians of all students involved in the alleged incident, and may discuss, as appropriate, the availability of counseling and other intervention services; and
- C. All acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be reported in writing to the school principal within two school days of when the school employee or contracted service provider witnessed or received reliable information that a student had been subject to harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

A board member, school employee, contracted service provider, student or volunteer who has witnessed, or has reliable information that a student has been subject to: harassment, intimidation or bullying, shall report the incident to the building principal and any appropriate school official, or to any school administrator or safe schools resource officer, who shall immediately initiate the school district's procedures concerning school bullying.

A board member or a school employee who promptly reports an incident of harassment, intimidation or bullying, to the appropriate school official designated by the school district's policy, or to any school administrator or safe schools resource officer, and who makes this report in compliance with the procedures in this policy, shall be immune from a cause of action for damages arising from any failure to remedy the reported incident.

#### Investigating Reported Harassment, Intimidation and Bullying

All reported incidents of harassment, intimidation and bullying shall be investigated promptly and in accordance with law and the following procedures:

- A. All investigations shall be thorough and complete, and documented in writing, and shall include, but not be limited to:
  - 1. Taking of statements from victims, witnesses and accused;
  - 2. Careful examination of the facts:
  - 3. Support for the victim; and
  - 4. Determination if alleged act constitutes a violation of this policy.

The BOE requires a thorough and complete investigation to be conducted for each report of an alleged incident of harassment, intimidation or bullying. The investigation shall be initiated by the principal or the principal's designee within one school day of the verbal report of the incident. The investigation shall be conducted by the school anti-bullying specialist appointed by the principal. The principal may appoint additional personnel who are not school anti-bullying specialists to assist the school anti-bullying specialist in the investigation. The investigation shall be completed and the written findings submitted to the principal as soon as possible, but not later than 10 school days from the date of the written report of the alleged incident of harassment, intimidation or bullying. Should information regarding the reported incident and the investigation be received after the end of the 10-day period, the school antibullying specialist or the principal shall amend the original report of the results of the investigation to ensure there is an accurate and current record of the facts and activities concerning the reported incident.

The principal shall proceed in accordance with the code of student conduct, as appropriate, based on the investigation findings. The principal shall submit the report to the CSA within two school days of the completion of the investigation and in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act (N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq.). As appropriate to the findings from the investigation, the CSA shall ensure the code of student conduct has been implemented and provide intervention services, order counseling, establish training programs to reduce harassment, intimidation or bullying and enhance school climate, or take or recommend other appropriate action, as necessary.

The CSA shall report the results of each investigation to the BOE no later than the date of the regularly scheduled BOE meeting following the completion of the investigation. The CSA's report also shall include information on any consequences imposed under the code of student conduct, intervention services provided, counseling ordered, training established or other action taken or recommended by the CSA.

Parents of the students who are parties to the investigation shall be provided with information about the investigation, in accordance with Federal and State law and regulation. The information to be provided to parents includes the nature of the investigation, whether the district found evidence of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, or whether consequences were imposed or services provided to address the incident of harassment, intimidation or bullying, this information shall be provided in writing within five school days after the results of the investigation are reported to the BOE.

#### **Appeal Process**

A parent or guardian may request a hearing before the BOE after receiving the information. When a request for a hearing is granted, the hearing shall be held within 10 school days of the request. The BOE shall conduct the hearing in executive session, pursuant to the Open Public Meetings Act (N.J.S.A. 10:4-1 et seq.), to protect the confidentiality of the students. At the

hearing, the BOE may hear testimony from and consider information provided by the school anti-bullying specialist and others, as appropriate, regarding the alleged incident, the findings from the investigation of the alleged incident, recommendations for consequences or services, and any programs instituted to reduce such incidents, prior to rendering a determination.

At the regularly scheduled BOE meeting following the receipt of the report or following a hearing in executive session, the Board shall issue a decision, in writing, to affirm, reject, or modify the CSA's decision. The BOE's decision may be appealed to the Commissioner of Education, in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:3, Controversies and Disputes, no later than 90 days after the issuance of the BOE's decision.

A school administrator who receives a report of harassment, intimidation, or bullying from a district employee, and fails to initiate or conduct an investigation, or who should have known of an incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying and fails to take sufficient action to minimize or eliminate the harassment, intimidation, or bullying, may be subject to disciplinary action.

### Range of Ways to Respond to Harassment, Intimidation or Bullying

The BOE authorizes the principal of each school to define the range of ways in which school staff will respond once an incident of harassment, intimidation or bullying is confirmed, and the CSA shall respond to confirmed harassment, intimidation and bullying according to the parameters described below and in this policy. The BOE recognizes that some acts of harassment, intimidation and bullying may be isolated incidents requiring that the school officials respond appropriately to the individuals committing the acts. Other acts may be so serious or parts of a larger pattern of harassment, intimidation or bullying that they require a response either at the classroom, school building or school district levels or by law enforcement officials. Consequences and appropriate remedial actions for a student who commits an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying may range from positive behavioral interventions up to and including suspension or expulsion, as permitted under N.J.S.A. 18A:37-1, Discipline or Pupils, and as set forth in N.J.A.C. 6A:16-7.2, Short-term suspensions, N.J.A.C. 6A:16-7.3, Long-term suspensions, and N.J.A.C. 6A:16-7.5, Expulsions.

In considering whether a response beyond the individual is appropriate, school officials shall consider the nature and circumstances of the act, the degree of harm, the nature and severity of the behavior, past incidences or past or continuing patterns of behavior, and the context in which the alleged incidents(s) occurred. Institutional (i.e. classroom, school building, school district) responses can range from school and community surveys, to mailings, to focus groups, to adoption of research-based Harassment, Bullying and Intimidation (HIB) prevention program models, to training for certificated and non-certificated staff, to participation of parents and other community member and organizations, to small or large group presentations for fully addressing the actions and the school's response to the actions, in the contest of the acceptable students and

staff member behavior and the consequences of such actions, and to the involvement of law enforcement officers, including safe schools resource officers.

This policy and the code of student conduct shall apply to instances when a school employee is made aware of alleged harassment, intimidation or bullying occurring off school grounds when:

- The alleged harassment, intimidation or bullying has substantially disrupted or interfered with the orderly operation of the school or the rights of other students; and
- A reasonable person should know, under the circumstances, that the alleged behavior will have the effect of physically or emotionally harming a student or damaging the student's property, or placing a student in reasonable fear of physical or emotional harm to his person or damage to his property; or
- The alleged behavior has the effect of insulting or demeaning any student or group of students; or
- The alleged behavior creates a hostile educational environment for the student by interfering with a student's education or by severely or pervasively causing physical or emotional harm to the student.

For every incident of harassment, intimidation or bullying, the district shall respond to the individual who committed the act. Responses may include:

- A. Individual responses can include positive behavioral interventions (e.g., peer mentoring, short-term counseling, life skills groups) and punitive actions (e.g., detention, in-school or out-of-school suspension, expulsion);
- B. Classroom responses can include class discussions about an incident of harassment, intimidation or bullying, role plays, research projects, observing and discussing audio-visual materials on these subjects and skill-building lessons in courtesy, tolerance, assertiveness and conflict management;
- C. School responses can include theme days, learning station programs, parent programs and information disseminated to students and parents, such as fact sheets or newsletters explaining acceptable uses of electronic and wireless communication devices;
- D. District-wide responses can include community involvement in policy review and development, professional development programs, adoption of curricula and school-wide programs and coordination with community-based organizations (e.g., mental health; health services; health facilities; law enforcement; faith-based).

The range of ways in which the school shall respond once an incident of harassment, intimidation or bullying is identified shall be defined by the principal in conjunction with the school anti-bullying specialist, and shall include an appropriate combination of counseling, support services, intervention services, and other programs as defined by the commissioner.

### Retaliation and Reprisal Prohibited

The board prohibits a BOE member, school employee, contracted service provider who has contact with students, school volunteer or student from engaging in reprisal, retaliation or false accusation against a victim, witness, one with reliable information or any other person who has reliable information about an act or harassment, intimidation or bullying or who reports an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying. The consequence and appropriate remedial action for a person who engages in reprisal or retaliation or false accusation shall be determined by the CSA and/or principal or their designee after consideration of the nature, severity and circumstances of the act, in accordance with case law and board policies and procedures.

### A. Students

The consequences and appropriate remedial action for a student found to have engaged in retaliation, reprisal and/or falsely accused another as a means of harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be varied and graded according to the nature of the behavior, the developmental age of the student and the student's history of problem behaviors and performance, and shall be consistent with this policy. Consequences may include positive behavioral interventions, notification of the parents/guardians, up to and including short or long-term suspension or expulsion, as permitted by law;

## B. School Employees

Consequences and appropriate remedial action for a school employee found to have engaged in retaliation, reprisal and/or falsely accused another as a means of harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be determined in accordance with district policies, procedures and agreements, up to and including suspension or dismissal from service;

### C. Board Members

Consequences and appropriate remedial action for a board member found to have committed an act of harassment, intimidation, or bullying; or found to have engaged in retaliation, reprisal and/or falsely accused another as a means of harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be determined in accordance with district policies, procedures and agreements, up to and including a public sanction or filed ethics charges;

### D. Visitors, Volunteers, Contracted Service Providers, and All Other Persons

Consequences and appropriate remedial action for a visitor, volunteer, contracted service providers and all other persons found to have engaged in harassment, intimidation or bullying; or engaged in retaliation, reprisal and/or falsely accused another as a means of harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be determined by the CSA after consideration of the nature, severity and circumstances of the act, including reports to appropriate law enforcement officials.

### Week of Respect

The week beginning with the first Monday in October of each year is designated as a "Week of Respect" in the State of New Jersey. The district, in order to recognize the importance of character education, shall observe the week by providing age-appropriate instruction focusing on preventing harassment, intimidation, or bullying as defined by law (N.J.S.A. 18A:37-14). Throughout the school year the district shall provide ongoing age-appropriate instruction focusing on preventing harassment, intimidation, and bullying in accordance with the Core Curriculum Content Standards.

### **Training**

The CSA and the principals shall provide training on the school district's harassment, intimidation and bullying policies to school employees, contracted service providers and volunteers who have significant contact with students. The training shall include instruction on preventing bullying on the basis of the protected categories enumerated in N.J.S.A. 18A:37-14 and other distinguishing characteristics that may incite incidents of discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying. The school district's employee training program shall include information regarding the school district policy against harassment, intimidation or bullying, which shall be provided to full-time and part-time staff, contracted service providers and school volunteers who have significant contact with students.

#### A. School Leaders

Any school leader who holds a position that requires the possession of a CSA, principal, or supervisor endorsement shall complete training on issues of school ethics, school law, and school governance as part of the professional development for school leaders required in accordance with State Board of Education regulations. This training shall also include information on the prevention of harassment, intimidation, and bullying (N.J.S.A. 18A:26-8.2).

### B. Teaching Staff Development

Each public school teaching staff member shall complete at least two hours of instruction in suicide prevention, to be provided by a licensed health care professional with training and experience in mental health issues, in each professional development period. The instruction in suicide prevention shall include information on the relationship between the risk of suicide and incidents of harassment, intimidation, and bullying and information on reducing the risk of suicide in students who are members of communities identified as having members at high risk of suicide (N.J.S.A. 18A:6-112).

#### C Board Members

Within one year after being newly elected or appointed or being re-elected or re-appointed to the BOE, a board member shall complete a training program on harassment, intimidation, and bullying in schools, including a school district's responsibilities as required by law (N.J.S.A. 18A:37-13 et seq.). A board member shall be required to complete the program only once (N.J.S.A. 18A:12-33).

## D. Staff, Student and Volunteer Training

The school district shall:

- 1. Provide training on the school district's harassment, intimidation, or bullying policy to school employees and volunteers who have significant contact with students;
- 2. Provide ongoing staff training, in cooperation with the Department of Education, in fulfilling the reporting requirements;
- 3. Ensure that the training includes instruction on preventing bullying on the basis of the protected categories as required by law (N.J.S.A. 18A:37-14) and other distinguishing characteristics that may incite incidents of discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- 4. Develop a process for discussing the district's harassment, intimidation or bullying policy with students.

The CSA shall develop and implement a process for annually discussing the school district policy on harassment, intimidation and bullying with students.

#### Reporting to the Board

Two times each year between September 1 and January 1 and between January 1 and June 30, the school board shall hold a public hearing at which the CSA will report to the BOE all acts of violence, vandalism, and harassment, intimidation, or bullying (HIB) which occurred during the previous reporting period. The report shall include the number of HIB reports in the schools, the status of all investigations, the nature of the HIB, and other data required by law.

- A. The number of reports of harassment, intimidation, or bullying;
- B. The status of all investigations;
- C. The nature of the bullying based on one of the protected categories identified in N.J.S.A. 18A:37-14 such as race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, or a mental, physical or sensory disability, or by any other distinguishing characteristic;

- D. The names of the investigators;
- E. The type and nature of any discipline imposed on any student engaged in harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- F. Any other measures imposed, training conducted, or programs implemented, to reduce harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

### Reporting to the Department of Education

The information, including but not limited to, oral reports, written reports or electronic reports shall also be reported once during each reporting period between September 1 and January 1 and between January 1 and June 30, to the Department of Education. The report shall include:

- A. Data broken down by the enumerated categories including the protected categories as listed above and the type of harassment, intimidation and bullying (any gesture; any written, verbal or physical act; or any electronic communication, whether it be a single or series of incidents); and
- B. Data broken down by each school in the district, in addition to district-wide data.

The report shall be used to grade each school for the purpose of assessing its effort to implement policies and programs consistent with law (N.J.S.A. 18A:37-13 et seq.). The district shall receive a grade determined by averaging the grades of all the schools in the district.

Each school shall post the grade received by the school and the overall district grade on the homepage of the school's website. The district shall post all the grades for each school of the district and the overall district grade on the homepage of the district's website. A link to the report shall be available on the district's website. The information shall be posted on the websites within 10 days of the receipt of a grade by the school and district.

It shall be a violation to improperly release any confidential information not authorized by federal or State law for public release.

The CSA will annually submit the report to the Department of Education utilizing the Electronic Violence and Vandalism Reporting system (EVVRS). The CSA shall accurately report on each incident of violence, vandalism, alcohol and other drug abuse, and incident of harassment intimidation and bullying within the school district. Any allegations of falsification of data will be reviewed by the BOE using the requirements and procedures set forth in N.J.A.C. 6A:16-5.3(g).

The State Board of Education shall impose penalties on any school employee who knowingly falsifies the report. Therefore, the CSA shall make a reasonable effort to verify reports of violence, vandalism, and harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The board shall provide ongoing

staff training, in cooperation with the Department of Education, in fulfilling the reporting requirements. The majority representative of the school employees shall have access monthly to the number and disposition of all reported acts of school violence, vandalism, and harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

#### Program Assessment and Review

Schools and school districts shall annually establish, implement, document, and assess bullying prevention programs or approaches, and other initiatives involving school staff, students, administrators, volunteers, parents, law enforcement and community members. The programs or approaches shall be designed to create school-wide conditions to prevent and address harassment, intimidation, and bullying.

### Policy Development and Review

The district harassment, intimidation and bullying policy shall be adopted through a process that includes representation of parents or guardians, school employees, volunteers, students, administrators, and community representatives.

The district shall annually conduct a re-evaluation, reassessment, and review of this policy, making any necessary revisions and additions. The board shall include input from the school anti-bullying specialists in conducting its re-evaluation, reassessment, and review. The district shall transmit a copy of the revised policy to the appropriate executive county superintendent within 30 school days of the revision (beginning September 1, 2011).

### Publication, Dissemination and Implementation

The BOE requires the CSA to annually disseminate the harassment, intimidation and bullying policy to all school employees, contracted service providers who have contact with students, school volunteers, students and parents who have children enrolled in a school in the school district, along with a statement explaining that the policy applies to all acts of harassment, intimidation and bullying, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:37-14, that occur on school property at school-sponsored functions or on a school bus, and, as appropriate, acts that occur off school grounds that substantially disrupts or interferes with the orderly operation of the school or the rights of other students in accordance with law.

The CSA shall take the following steps to publicize this policy:

- A. Provide a link to this policy on a prominent place on the district website;
- B. Provide a link to this policy on a prominent place on each school's website;
- C. Distribute this policy annually to all staff, students and parents/guardians; and
- D. Print this policy in any district publication that sets forth the comprehensive rules, procedures and standards of student conduct and in student handbooks;

The district shall notify students and parents/guardians that the policy is available on the district's website. The district shall publish the name, school phone number, school address and school email address of the district anti-bullying coordinator on the home page of the district website. Each school within the district shall publish the name, school phone number, school address and school email address of the district anti-bullying coordinator and their school anti-bullying specialist on the home page of the school's website. The information concerning the district anti-bullying coordinator and the school anti-bullying specialists shall also be maintained on the Department of Education's website.

Additionally, the district shall make available, in an easily accessible location of its website, the Department of Education's guidance document for the use by parent/guardians, students and district staff to assist in resolving complaints concerning student harassment, intimidation or bullying.

The CSA shall ensure that the rules for this policy are applied consistently with the district's code of student conduct (N.J.A.C. 6A:16-7) and all applicable laws and regulations. All disciplinary sanctions shall be carried out with necessary due process.

This and all related policies shall be reviewed on a regular basis.

First Reading: May 23, 2011 Second Reading: June 13, 2011

#### **Legal References:**

N.J.S.A. 2A:4A-60 et al	Disclosure of juvenile information; penalties for disclosure
N.J.S.A. 10:5-1 et seq.	Law Against Discrimination
N.J.S.A. 18A:6-112	Instruction on suicide prevention for public school teaching staff
N.J.S.A. 18A:11-1	General mandatory powers and duties
N.J.S.A. 18A:12-33	Training program; requirements
N.J.S.A. 18A:17-46	Reporting of certain acts by school employee; annual report; public
	hearing (acts of violence)
N.J.S.A. 18A:25-2	Authority over pupils
N.J.S.A. 18A:26-8.2	School leader defined; training as part of professional development
N.J.S.A. 18A:36-19	Pupil records; creation, maintenance and retention, security and
	access; regulations; nonliability
N.J.S.A. 18A:36-19a	Student records (Newly enrolled students; transfers of records,
	identification)
N.J.S.A. 18A:37-1 et seq.	Submission of Pupils to Authority (Discipline)
N.J.S.A. 18A:37-13 et seq.	Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act

### See particularly:

N.J.S.A. 18A:37-14, -15, -17 Harassment, intimidation, and bullying

N.J.A.C. 6A:14-2.8 Discipline/suspension/expulsions (students with disabilities)
N.J.A.C. 6A:16-1.1 et seq. Programs to support student development (includes student conduct code)

See particularly:

N.J.A.C. 6A:16-1.4, -7.1, -7.6, -7.9

N.J.A.C. 6A:32-12.1 Reporting requirements N.J.A.C. 6A:32-12.2 School-level planning

Gebser v. Lago Vista Independent School District 524 U.S. 274 (1989) United States Supreme Court addresses the standard by which a district will be held liable for sexual harassment of a student by a school employee under Title IX --requires actual notice and deliberate indifference.

<u>Davis v. Monroe County Board of Education</u> 526 <u>U.S.</u> 629 (1999) United States Supreme Court establishes the standard under which a school district may be liable under Title IX for sexual harassment of one student by another student. The district will be liable for damages only where the school officials are proven to have been deliberately indifferent to harassment of which it is actually aware. The harassment must be "severe, pervasive and objectively offensive."

<u>Saxe v. State College Area School District</u> 240 <u>F.3d</u> 200 (3<sup>rd</sup> Cir 2001) A Pennsylvania school district's anti-harassment policy was overly broad and therefore violated the Constitutional guarantee of freedom of speech.

L. W. v. Toms River Regional Schools Board of Education 189 N.J. 381 (2007) The New Jersey Supreme Court held that the standard under which a school district may be liable under the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination for student-on-student bullying or harassment is not the Title IX deliberate indifference standard, but is rather the same standard used under the NJLAD for hostile work environment cases. A district will be judged by whether the district's response met the "reasonable person" test: what would a reasonable person (teacher, supervisor, vice principal, principal, etc.) do in a similar situation. School districts will be shielded from liability under NJLAD when their preventive and remedial actions are reasonable in light of the totality of the circumstances.

#### **Possible Cross References:**

\*1220 Ad hoc advisory committees

\*1410 Local units

\*3541.33 Transportation safety

*4131	Staff development; inservice education/visitation conferences
*4231	1
_	Staff development; inservice education/visitation conferences
5000	Concepts and roles for students
*5020	Role of parents/guardians
*5113	Attendance, absences and excuses
*5114	Suspension and expulsion
*5124	Reporting to parents/guardians
*5131.5	Vandalism/violence
*5131.6	Drugs, alcohol, tobacco (substance abuse)
*5131.7	Weapons and dangerous instruments
5132	Dress and grooming
*5142	Student safety
5145	Protection of Rights
*5145.4	Equal educational opportunity
*5145.6	Pupil grievance procedure
*5145.11	Questioning and apprehension
*5145.12	Search and seizure
*6145	Extracurricular activities and eligibility
*6164.4	Child study team
*6171.4	Special education
*6172	Alternative educational programs

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates policy is included in the Critical Policy Reference Manual.